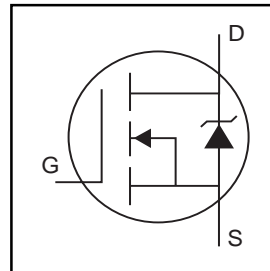


- Advanced Process Technology
- Optimized for 4.5V Gate Drive
- Ideal for CPU Core DC-DC Converters
- 150°C Operating Temperature
- Fast Switching

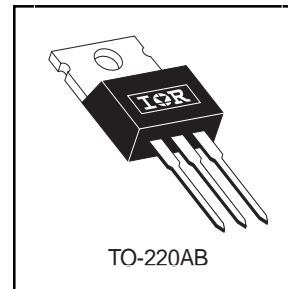
Description

These HEXFET Power MOSFETs were designed specifically to meet the demands of CPU core DC-DC converters in the PC environment. Advanced processing techniques combined with an optimized gate oxide design results in a die sized specifically to offer maximum cost.

The TO-220 package is universally preferred for all commercial-industrial applications at power dissipation levels to approximately 50 watts. The low thermal resistance and low package cost of the TO-220 contribute to its wide acceptance throughout the industry.



$V_{DSS} = 20V$
$R_{DS(on)} = 0.020W$
$I_D = 39A$



Absolute Maximum Ratings

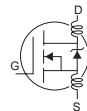
	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 4.5V$	39	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 4.5V$	25	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	160	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	57	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.45	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 10	V
V_{GSM}	Gate-to-Source Voltage (Start Up Transient, $t_p = 100\mu s$)	14	V
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy②	130	mJ
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current①	23	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy①	5.7	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	5.0	V/ns
T_J T_{STG}	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (1.6mm from case)	
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10 lbf•in (1.1N•m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	—	2.2	°C/W
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface	0.50	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient	—	62	

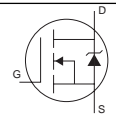
Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	20	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
$dV_{(BR)DSS}/dT_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.022	—	V/°C	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	—	0.023	m	$V_{GS} = 4.5V, I_D = 23A$ ④
		—	—	0.020		$V_{GS} = 7.0V, I_D = 23A$ ④
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	0.70	—	—	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu A$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	21	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 10V, I_D = 23A$
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	25	μA	$V_{DS} = 20V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	250		$V_{DS} = 10V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 10V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -10V$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	—	31	nC	$I_D = 23A$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	5.7		$V_{DS} = 16V$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	—	13		$V_{GS} = 4.5V$, See Fig. 6 ④
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	7.2	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 10V$
t_r	Rise Time	—	110	—		$I_D = 23A$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	41	—		$R_G = 9.5\Omega, V_{GS} = 4.5V$
t_f	Fall Time	—	89	—		$R_D = 2.4\Omega$, ③
L_D	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact
L_S	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	1300	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	520	—		$V_{DS} = 15V$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	190	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$, See Fig. 5



Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	39	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	160		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 23A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	62	94	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 23A$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	110	160	nC	$di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ ④
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $L_S + L_D$)				



Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ② Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 0.49\text{mH}$
 $R_G = 25\Omega, I_{AS} = 23A$.
- ③ $I_{SD} \leq 23A, di/dt \leq 97A/\mu s, V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}, T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$
- ④ Pulse width $\leq 300\mu s$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

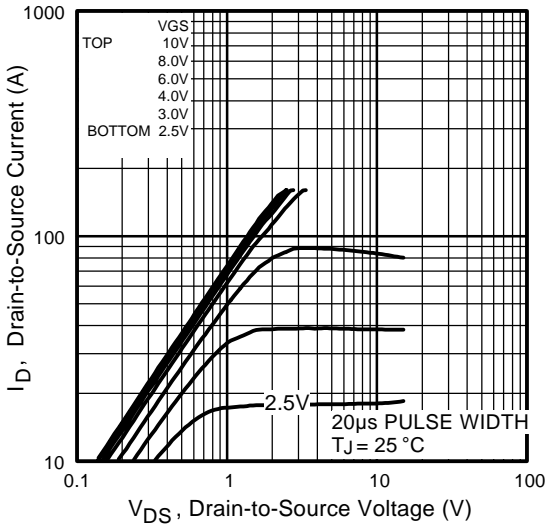


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

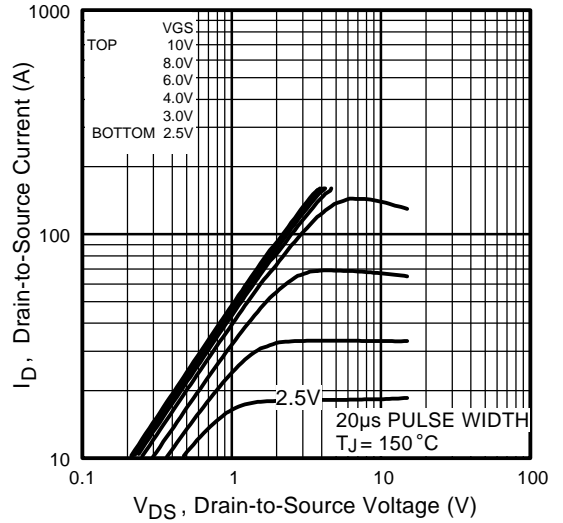


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

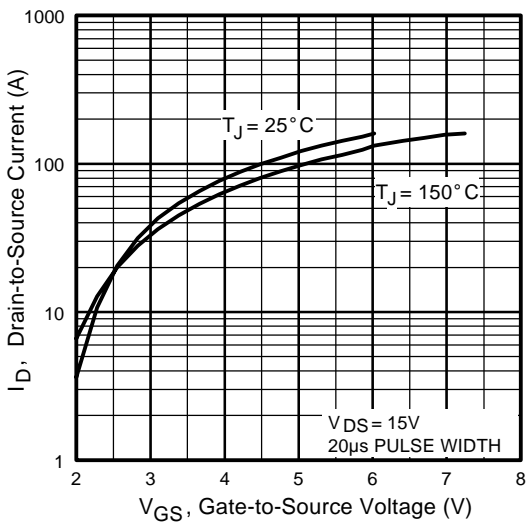


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

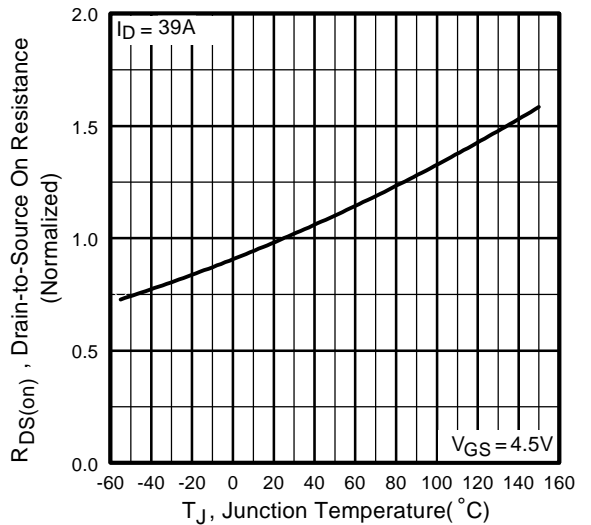


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

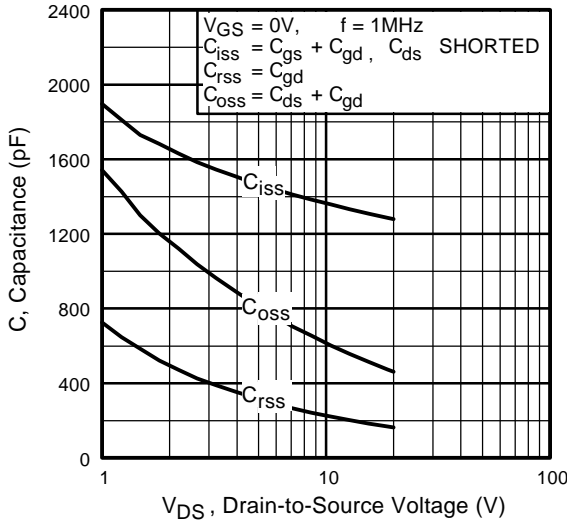


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

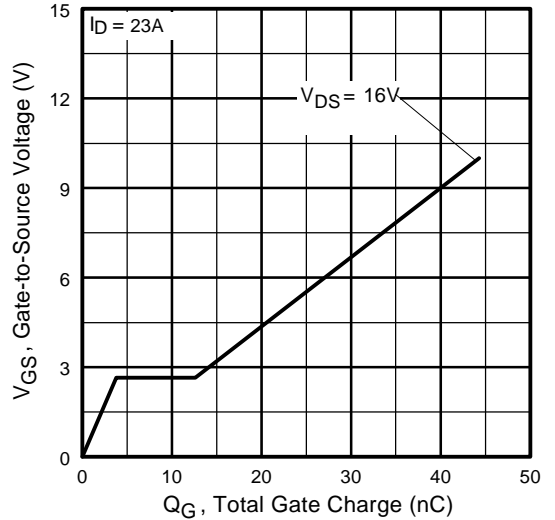


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

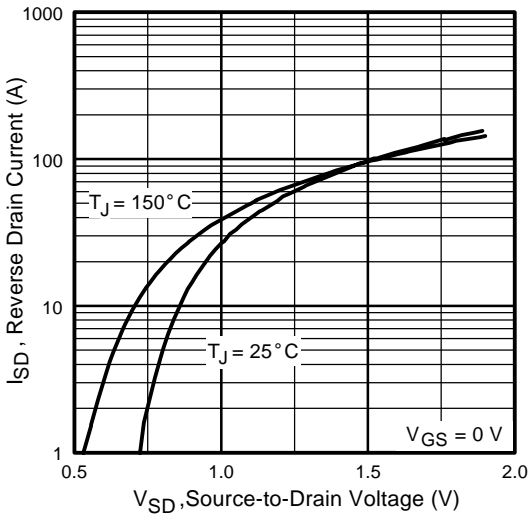


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

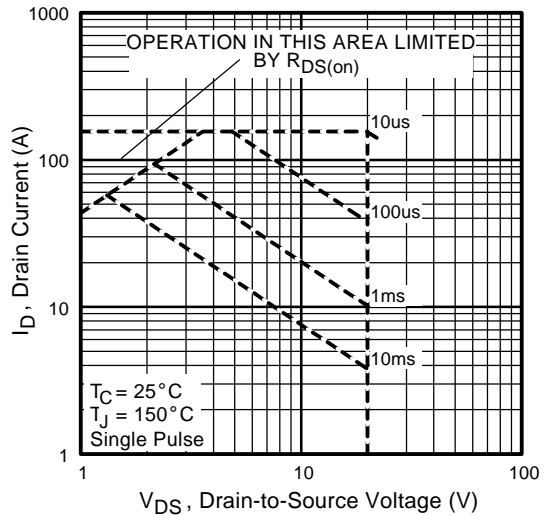


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

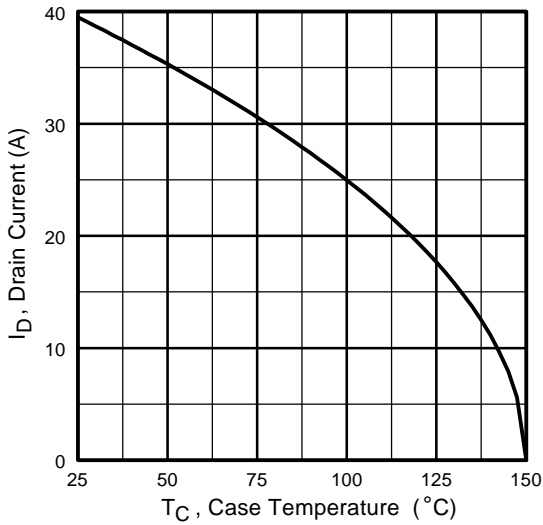


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

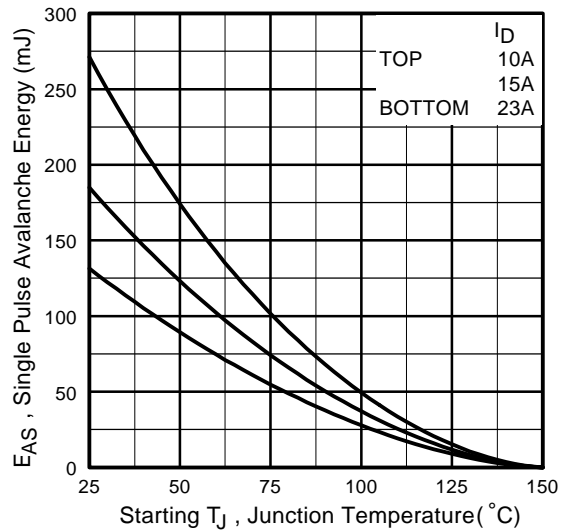


Fig 10. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

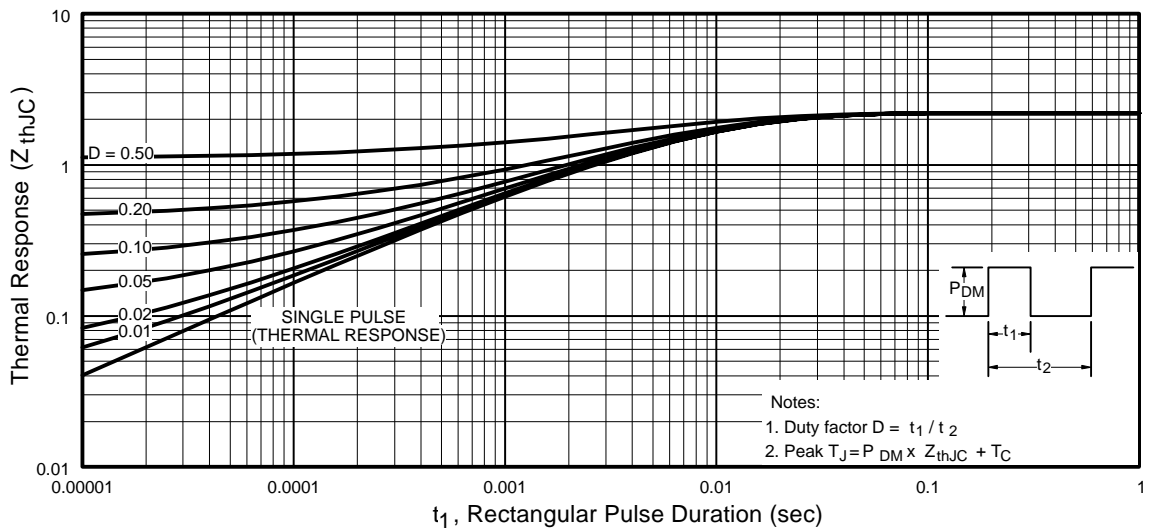


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

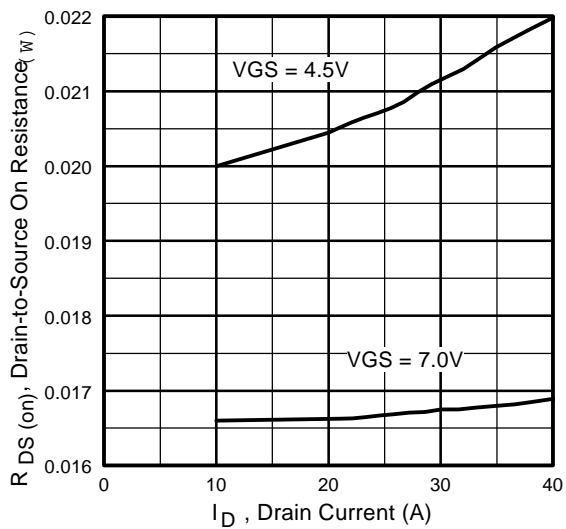


Fig 12. On-Resistance Vs. Drain Current

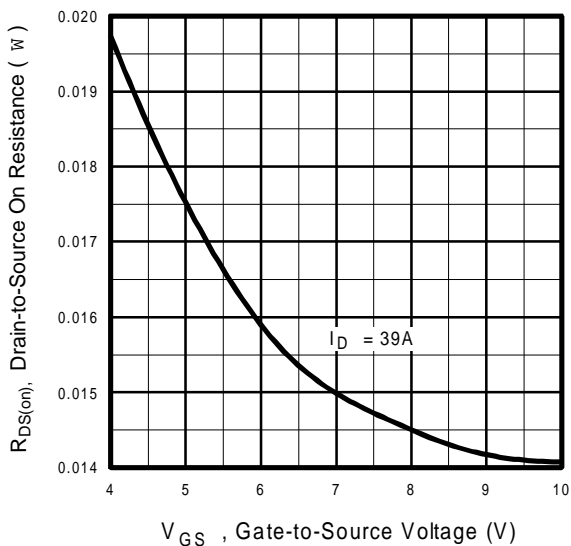
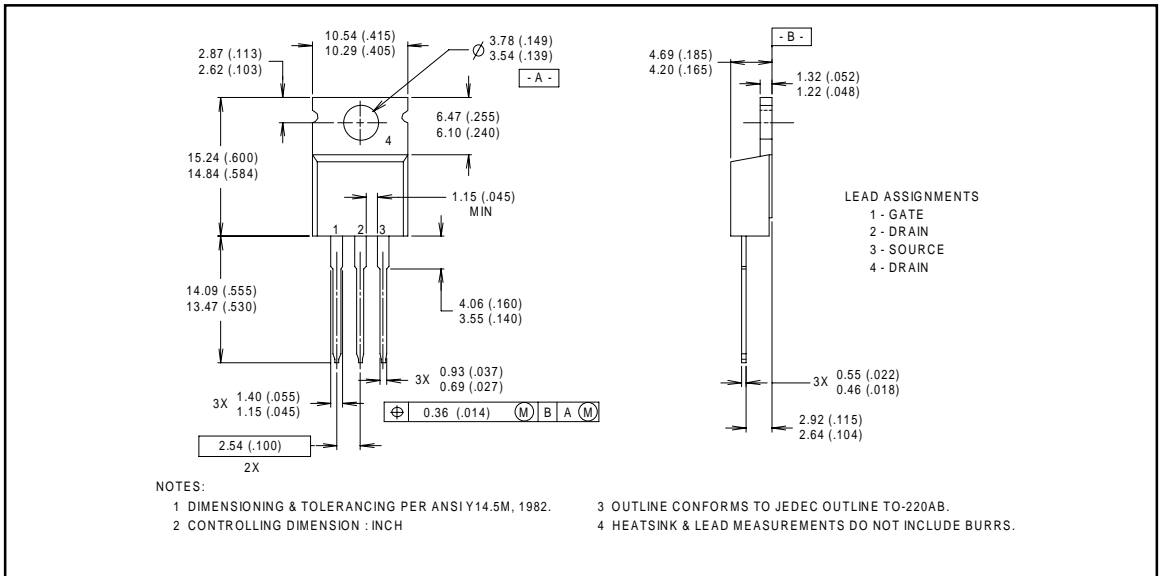


Fig 13. On-Resistance Vs. Gate Voltage

Package Outline

TO-220AB Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



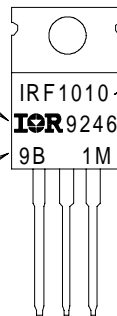
Part Marking Information

TO-220AB

EXAMPLE : THIS IS AN IRF1010
 WITH ASSEMBLY
 LOT CODE 9B1M

INTERNATIONAL
 RECTIFIER
 LOGO

ASSEMBLY
 LOT CODE



PART NUMBER

DATE CODE
 (YYWW)

YY = YEAR
 WW = WEEK

Note: For the most current drawings please refer to the IR website at:
<http://www.irf.com/package/>